# Louth: Antimicrobial Guidelines - Louth Hospitals: Antimicrobial Guidelines: Paediatrics - Skin, Soft Tissue and Surgical Wound Infections

Paediatrics - Animal or Human Bites

### Likely Organisms

Pasteurella species, oral anaerobes, S. aureus, beta haemolytic streptococci

#### Empiric Antimicrobial Prophylaxis

- No prophylaxis offered if skin is unbroken
- 2. Consider prophylaxis if skin is broken but not drawn blood if:
- it involves hands, feet, face, genitals, skin overlying cartilaginous structures or an area of poor circulation or
- high-risk of a serious wound infection because of a comorbidity (diabetes, immunosuppression, asplenia or decompensated liver disease) or
- deep wound from cat bite
- 3. Offer antibiotic prophylaxis if skin is broken and drawn blood
- 4. Prescribe Co-amoxiclav PO

#### Empiric Antimicrobial Treatment of Infected Bite

Co-amoxiclav PO

If penicillin allergic:

Co-trimoxazole PO

#### Duration

Prophylaxis: 3 days

Treatment of infected bite: 5 days.

#### Comments

Assess the risk of tetanus, rabies or a bloodborne viral infection and take appropriate action.

Ask about tetanus immunisation status.

Manage the wound with irrigation and debridement as necessary.

Other animal bites discuss with ID / Micro.

#### Infection

#### Paediatrics - Burns

### Likely Organisms

Group A Streptococcus, S. aureus

lf infection occurs > 5 days post-hospitalisation, also aerobic gram negative organisms (e.g.Pseudomonas aeruginosa)

## **Empiric Antimicrobial Treatment**

Burns should not initially be treated with antibiotics. **Treat only if infected** and on the advice of the Consultant .

Be aware of potential for toxic shock syndrome in children who often have only relatively small burns (fever, rash, diarrhoea, and ultimately shock).

Flucloxacillin IV

#### OR

Cef-AZ-olin IV 25mg/kg TDS (Max 6g/day)

Plus if severe infection: Clindamycin PO/IV

Plus if infection occurs > 5 days post-hospitalisation: Pip/tazobactam IV

## Duration of Treatment

7 days, including IV to oral switch if appropriate oral option available based on C&S.

#### IV to Oral Switch

Yes, when clinically appropriate

## Comments

Ensure appropriate swabs are sent. Aim to rationalise based on sensitivities.



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